Settings Rule requirements and licensing

At times, licensing requirements and the Settings Rule regulations may conflict.
In these situations, the Settings Rule supersedes.

Topic	Office of Licensing requirements	Settings Rule requirements
Cameras:	Only a resident or the resident's legal representative may operate or install a monitoring device in the resident's room per Utah Administrative Code 26B-2-236.	 The use of cameras by providers must be assessed against the HCBS Settings Rule to ensure that the presence and intended use of cameras is in compliance with the Rule. Surveillance cameras in a setting may change the perception of the site as institutional in nature versus home and community based. Surveillance equipment in the following circumstances generally do not raise privacy concerns and can be used as similar non-HCBS settings would use them: In areas dedicated to provider staff (desks/offices) Monitoring entrances and exits Monitoring exterior areas of the building (parking lots) In commercial/integrated areas of the settings (such as stores, cafes, etc.) Resource: Policy & the Use of Cameras in the New Choice Waiver Residential HCBS Setting

Food service:

- Facilities must have the capability to provide 3 meals a day plus a snack, 7 days a week, to all residents.
- All menus must be approved and signed by a certified dietician.
- Individuals must have access to food at any time.
 - Individuals should have the ability to access snacks independently at any time.
 - If there are set meal times, individuals must have the ability to request a meal at a different time.
- While menus must be approved and signed by a certified dietician, individuals must be given an opportunity to request an alternative meal and participate in the meal planning process.
 - Individuals should have the opportunity to request and make recommendations on menu items.
 - Individuals can request an alternative meal if they chose not to eat what is on the menu.

Other food related Settings Rule requirements:

- In a general open area, no individual's private information is posted in the setting (e.g. food restrictions).
- Individuals should have access to typical home facilities, such as the ability to make their own meal if they desire.
 - Individuals should have access to a refrigerator to store food and a microwave to cook food. Examples can include:
 - Kitchenettes in private apartments/rooms

Allowance for residents to have a refrigerator and microwave in their private apartments/rooms Access to a refrigerator and microwave for resident use in common area(s) ■ A separate kitchen for resident use Locks on doors: The International Fire Code enforced by The setting ensures the individual has privacy in other agencies or jurisdictions apply to their sleeping or living unit, including lockable assisted living facilities. doors, choice of roommates, and freedom to furnish or decorate the unit. Rooms which contain bathtubs, showers, or water closets for resident use shall be Having a lock on the individual's private bedroom equipped with doors and hardware which door is the default. permit emergency access. • It is the choice of individuals when or how Doors, except those to spaces such as they use the lock. CMS has ruled that individual's private bathroom small closets not subject to occupancy, shall not swing into corridors in a manner doors are not required to have locks as the default. which will obstruct traffic or reduce However, an individual has the right to a lockable corridor width. Large walk-in type closets bathroom door and settings must comply with are occupiable spaces. requests for lock installation on bathroom doors if Each resident living unit's entry door shall: requested by individuals. o Be lockable, but operable from the inside by single-action lever. Available resource: Locks and the HCBS Settings Rule Flyer Be individually keyed with the key • The master key for resident living units should only under resident control. be available to staff who require access. o A master key shall be available for Staff may only use the master key to enter a living staff. area or privacy space under limited circumstances Door handles for all doors used by which is agreed upon with the residents. residents shall be of the lever type Staff must always knock and receive permission and shall meet ADA/ABA-AG prior to entering a private living space. requirements.

Hazardous chemicals:	 All cleaning agents, bleaches, insecticides, or poisonous, dangerous, or flammable materials shall be stored in a locked area to prevent unauthorized access. Each facility shall provide a minimum of one washing machine, one clothes dryer, and ironing equipment in good working order for resident use (R432-6-210-5). 	 If locking of hazardous chemicals results in limiting access to typical home facilities, such as laundry rooms, then residents may not have complete autonomy in performing daily activities, which they are afforded under the Settings Rule. Examples can include: Hazardous chemicals for facility use can be secured within a locked cabinet within the laundry room to allow access to the laundry room. Residents have their own laundry room for use. Note: Laundry rooms must meet all licensing requirements. Utility sinks located in laundry rooms that are accessible by residents' water temperature cannot exceed 120 degrees.
Visitors:	To have daily visiting hours established.	 Individuals are able to have visitors of their choosing at any time.

Contact Information & Resources

Submit any questions to: HCBSSettings@utah.gov
Additional information: https://medicaid.utah.gov/ltc-2/hcbstransition/

